

ANTI-BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION POLICY

This policy applies to Metarock Group Limited and all its related subsidiaries.

1. Background and Purpose of the Policy

Bribery and corruption have a serious impact on the social, economic and political environment of many countries including Australia. Bribery is not a victimless crime. It undermines human rights and erodes confidence in the law.

Metarock Group Limited ("Metarock Group" or "Company") is committed to responsible corporate governance and to conducting business in an honest and ethical manner in accordance with the laws of the jurisdictions it operates in. Honesty and integrity are considered integral to the Company's values and the way Metarock Group and its subsidiaries operate the businesses. Conduct associated with bribery, corruption and dishonesty is inconsistent with these values and against the law and may result in Metarock Group and individual company employees being prosecuted.

This Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy (Policy) prohibits Metarock Group Personnel (defined below) from engaging in activity that constitutes bribery or corruption. This Policy supports the Company's overall corporate governance framework.

2. Application of the Policy

This Policy outlines the responsibilities of Metarock Group Personnel in observing and upholding the prohibition on bribery, corruption and related improper conduct as well as providing information and guidance on how to recognise and deal with instances of bribery and corruption.

This Policy applies to all individuals at all levels who are employed by, act for, or represent Metarock Group or any of its related entities ("Metarock Group Personnel") in all countries. These include, but not limited to, directors, officers, managers, employees, contractors, consultants, agents, and any other person representing Metarock Group.

This Policy applies to Metarock Group Personnel irrespective of their employment status (that is, whether they are employed on a full-time, part-time, fixed term, casual, contractor or temporary basis).

It is the responsibility of all Metarock Group Personnel to understand and comply with this Policy, and to follow the reporting requirements set out in this Policy.

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3. What Constitutes Bribery and Corruption

3.1 Bribery

Bribery is the act of offering, promising, giving, soliciting or accepting a benefit, with the intention of influencing Public Official or any other person to behave outside the responsibilities of their role or to not act in good faith, in order to gain a personal or business advantage that is not legitimately due.

Acts of bribery are typically intended to improperly influence individuals to act dishonestly in the performance or discharge of their duty or encourage the misuse of authority. A bribe could be either, a direct or indirect promise, offering, or authorisation, of anything of value designed to exert improper influence.

The benefit that is offered, given or received may be monetary or non-monetary. For example, it may involve non-cash gifts, shares, political or charitable contributions, inflated or false invoices, loans, reciprocal favours, business or employment opportunities or lavish corporate hospitality (including free or heavily discounted flights, accommodation or other products).

3.2 Target of the bribery

Whether the target of the act of bribery works in the public or private sector is irrelevant. The relevant laws apply to bribery of Public Officials as well as bribery in respect of any proposed or completed commercial transaction in the private sector.

3.3 Direct and indirect forms

Bribery can be direct or indirect. It may involve procuring an intermediary or an agent to make an offer which constitutes a bribe to another person, or where a bribe is made to an associate of a person who is sought to be influenced, or to a political party or charitable organization with which the person is associated.

3.4 Acceptance of a bribe

It is irrelevant if a bribe is accepted or paid. Merely offering the bribe will usually be sufficient for an offence to be committed. Further, business, or business advantage, does not need to be actually obtained or retained for an offence to have been committed.

3.5 Corruption

Corruption is the misuse of office or power or influence to obtain an advantage (whether a personal advantage or an advantage for the Metarock Group).

3.6 Facilitation payments

Facilitation payments are typically, but not always, minor unofficial payments made for the purposes of securing or expediting a routine government action by a Public Official (for example, to facilitate the expedition of applications for licenses).

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As a general rule, it is Metarock Group's policy that such payments must not be made. In the event that any Metarock Group Personnel is faced with a situation where such a request has been made or it is perceived as being necessary that staff member, contractor or representative must notify their immediate superior or superior once-removed or contact the Company Secretary.

In the event that any Metarock Group Personnel is unsure whether a payment would amount to a facilitation payment, then he/she must contact their immediate superior or superior once-removed or contact the Company Secretary.

In certain circumstances, where not prohibited by local or applicable laws, provided it is not unlawful to do so and where not otherwise in breach of this Policy, a facilitation payment may be approved by the Managing Director, Chief Operations Officer or Chief Financial Officer. In which event the details of the payment including the substance of its purpose will be recorded in the Company's records and accounts.

3.7 Secret commissions

Secret commissions typically, but not always, arise where a person or entity (e.g. any Metarock Group Personnel) offers or gives a commission to an agent or representative of another person, including a Public Official, which is not disclosed by that agent or representative to their principal. Such a payment is made as an inducement to influence the conduct of the principal's business. It is an offence in Australia to pay a secret commission.

3.8 Public Officials

For the purposes of this Policy, Public Officials include:

- (a) an employee, official or contractor of a government body or a wholly or partially stateowned enterprise;
- (b) a person performing the duties of an office or position created under a law of a foreign country or by the custom or convention of a country;
- (c) a person in the service of a governmental body including a member of the military or the police force;
- (d) a politician, judge, or member of the legislature of a state, province or country;
- (e) an employee, contractor or person otherwise in the service of a public international organisation;
- (f) an individual who is or who holds himself or herself out to be an authorised intermediary of a Public Official;
- (g) a political party, party official or candidate for public office;
- (h) a member of a royal family; or

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(i) a commercial entity, or the directors, officers or employees of a commercial entity, in which a government body has a significant ownership interest or over which it otherwise exerts control (i.e. a foreign public enterprise).

4. What Conduct is Permitted

4.1 Legal Obligations

Most countries have laws that prohibit bribery and corruption domestically. However, many jurisdictions, including Australia, also have laws that prohibit bribery even when it is committed in another country. In Australia, those prohibitions apply to businesses incorporated in Australia and their employees, and to individuals who are Australian citizens or residents, wherever they may be.

A breach of these laws can be a serious offence, which may result in fines on the Company and employees and or the imprisonment of employees. Even the appearance of a breach of these laws can have a serious reputational impact on the Company. A breach of these laws may have serious consequences for Company Personnel, including termination where appropriate.

4.2 Prohibited Conduct for Metarock Group Personnel

Metarock Group Personnel must not do any act that constitutes bribery or corruption as described in clause 3 of this Policy. This means that Metarock Group Personnel must not directly or indirectly give, offer, promise, request or receive a bribe or cause a bribe to be given or received.

In accordance with the Act, the making of facilitation payments by Metarock Group Personnel or companies' part of the Metarock Group Personnel is prohibited unless your health, safety or liberty is threatened (see section 4.3 below). In addition, the payment of secret commissions by any Metarock Group Personnel is prohibited.

Although facilitation payments are known to be prevalent in many countries and industry sectors, they are illegal with penalties that could apply to Metarock Group operations anywhere in the world. On this basis Metarock Group prohibits facilitation payments and will support all Metarock Group Personnel in their refusals to make such payments, even if such refusals cause delays or difficulties in doing business.

Metarock Group does however expect Metarock Group Personnel to plan for the possibility of such delays or difficulties in the lead up to projects in higher risk countries.

It is sometimes difficult to determine if a requested payment is a genuine fee for a government service, or if it is actually a facilitation payment. Therefore, when making any payment to Public Officials you must be mindful of what the payment is for and whether the amount being requested is proportionate to the goods or services provided. You must always ask for a receipt which details the recipient (which should be the government agency or department rather than the official themselves) and the reason for the payment.

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4.3 Threats to health, safety & liberty

If you are faced with a situation where a payment is demanded and yours or another person's health, safety or liberty is threatened, you may feel as though you have no alternative but to make the payment in order to protect yourself or the third party. In these circumstances you may make the payment, provided you record the payment and full details of the circumstances and report it to your immediate superior or the Company Secretary as soon as possible after the event.

5. Consequences of Contravention

Corruption, bribery, and any related conduct are very serious offences.

If any Metarock Group entity is found to have taken part in bribery or any other related improper conduct addressed by this policy, it could face a fine, be excluded from tendering for public contracts and/or suffer reputational harm. An individual may be subject to penalties or lengthy terms of imprisonment.

A breach of this Policy by any Metarock Group Personnel will be regarded by Metarock Group as serious misconduct and may lead to disciplinary action which may include termination of employment and/or referral of a matter to relevant authorities.

6. Gifts and Hospitality that May be Accepted

6.1 Gifts and hospitality

Gifts, meals, travel, entertainment and other hospitality (Gifts) often form part of a legitimate commercial relationship. However, in some circumstances Gifts can compromise or appear to compromise the exercise of objective business judgment, and may result in a breach of this Policy. They may also give rise to conflicts of interest between Personnel and the interests of Metarock Group.

Therefore, care must be taken when offering, promising, giving or receiving anything of value, particularly involving any Public Official, to ensure that it does not constitute a bribe or corrupt payment or that it would be perceived as engaging in improper conduct. As such, precautions must be taken and this Policy must be complied with when offering Gifts to, or receiving Gifts from, any external party or entity.

6.2 Criteria for allowable Gifts

This Policy does not preclude Metarock Group Personnel from giving to, or accepting a Gift from, a Public Official or any other person, when engaging in Metarock Group Limited business in accordance with the following guidelines and the Metarock Group Code of Conduct.

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Before giving a Gift to, or accepting a Gift from, any person, including a Public Official it is important to:

- a) Ensure that the Gift complies with these criteria and is in the name of the Metarock Group entity and not any individual employee;
- b) ensure that the Gift is directly connected to a legitimate business activity and given in an open and transparent manner;
- c) ensure that no regulatory approvals (such as the granting of permits or licences) are currently being considered by that person or Public Official such that a Gift could, or could be seen to, influence or reward action taken by that person or government official;
- d) ensure that the proposed recipient can accept any such Gift (many government officials and other private sector representatives cannot do so under local laws or their own code of conduct);
- e) ensure that it is of an appropriate value and nature considering local custom, the position of the recipient and the circumstances and:
 - I. in respect to government officials the value of the Gift does not exceed the value of \$200, or when aggregated with other Gifts given to that person during the current calendar year do not exceed \$500;
 - II. in respect to private sector representatives the value of the Gift does not exceed the value of \$300, or when aggregated with other Gifts given to that person during the current calendar year do not exceed \$1000; and
 - III. the Gift does not include cash, loans or cash equivalents such as gift certificates or vouchers;
- f) assess that the giving or acceptance of the Gift would not cause a third party to form an impression that there is an improper connection between that Gift and a business opportunity; and
- g) comply with the requirements in paragraphs 6.3 to 6.5 of this Policy.

If a Gift does not satisfy the criteria set out in paragraph 6.2, the Gift must not be given or received by the Metarock Group or any Metarock Group Personnel without the approval of the Managing Director.

The criteria set out in paragraph 6.2 remains applicable in the case of customary gifts (such as for weddings or cultural festivals).

6.3 Giving Gifts

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If any Metarock Group Limited Personnel proposes to give a Gift to any external party which is of a value in excess of \$300, they must obtain prior written clearance from their immediate superior or superior once removed. A copy of the written approval should be provided to the Company Secretary for recording.

6.4 Receipt of Gifts

Gifts of any kind must not be demanded or sought from any supplier, customer, government official or other party with whom Metarock Group conducts business.

If any member of Metarock Group Personnel receives a Gift from an external party which is of a value in excess of \$300, they must report it to their immediate superior or superior once-removed, who will then decide whether to provide clearance for the Metarock Group Personnel to accept the Gift having regard to the criteria set out in paragraph 6.2.

6.5 Register of Gifts

If clearance is given to give a Gift to an external party in accordance with paragraph 6.3, it must be recorded in a register (Register of Gifts), which will be maintained by the Company Secretary who is to update the Managing Director with details of the register on a quarterly basis and the board of directors with details of the register on an annual basis.

If clearance is given to receive a Gift from an external party in accordance with paragraph 6.4, it must be recorded in the Register of Gifts, as maintained by the Company Secretary who is to update the Managing Director with details of the register on a quarterly basis and the board of directors with details of the register on an annual basis.

7. Application of Policy to Third Parties or Intermediaries

Metarock Group will not engage or deal with any third party or intermediary (being any person or entity who is not a member of Metarock Group Personnel, including agents, consultants, advisers, distributors, other contractors or joint venture partners) if there is a known risk that they will breach applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption laws or Metarock Group's policies and procedures relating to anti-bribery and anti-corruption.

Third parties must be chosen carefully and engaged appropriately, as any improper conduct by a third party could damage Metarock Group's reputation and expose the Company, its directors and employees to criminal or civil liability or other sanctions.

Before entering into a relationship with a third party, appropriate due diligence enquiries must be undertaken in relation to the third party and appropriate controls put in place to ensure the actions

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of the third party will not adversely affect the reputation of the Metarock Group. Regular reviews of the third party's performance to prevent misconduct must be undertaken, as appropriate.

Once a third party or intermediary is engaged, they must have the existence of this Policy brought to their attention.

Standard terms must be included in contractual arrangements with the third party that oblige the third party to operate in accordance with relevant anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and in accordance with this Policy, and if requested in writing by Metarock Group, provide Metarock Group with a written statement that the third party is fully compliant with the relevant anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and this Policy.

8. Record Keeping

All accounts, invoices, and other documents and records relating to dealings with any external party or third party should be prepared and maintained with accuracy and completeness. No accounts may be kept "off-book" to facilitate or conceal potential breaches of this Policy.

All expenditure by Metarock Group Personnel, including on Gifts, must be included in expense reports and approved in accordance with the Metarock Group Approving Authorities Manual or other such policy or procedure that may be adopted from time to time.

9. Reporting Obligations Under this Policy

9.1 Responsibilities of Metarock Group Limited Personnel

All Metarock Group Personnel have a responsibility to aid in the prevention, detection and reporting of not only bribery and corruption, but also of any other suspicious activity or wrongdoing in connection with Metarock Group's business.

9.2 How to report an incident

Should a member of Metarock Group Personnel reasonably believe or suspect that a breach of this Policy has occurred, or is likely to occur, they must immediately notify their immediate superior or superior once-removed or contact the Company Secretary.

9.3 Protection for Metarock Group Limited Personnel reporting behaviour

As detailed, this policy is very important for the reputational value of the Company and to ensure that it conducts its business in an ethical and responsible manner. Therefore, Metarock Group is committed to ensuring that no person will suffer detriment because they have reported a matter. Detriment includes dismissal, disciplinary action, threats or other unfavourable treatment connected with reporting a matter.

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Persons who are subjected to such treatment should inform their immediate superior or superior once removed, or the Company Secretary.

10. Compliance and Further Information

Metarock Group Limited is committed to maintaining its reputation and complying with the law in all jurisdictions in which it operates.

Not all situations can be directly addressed in a policy. Metarock Group Personnel should also bring their own reason, propriety and judgment to a situation based on the principles set out in this Policy.

Overall responsibility for the administration of this Policy, including the implementation and monitoring of the Policy, lies with the Company Secretary who is the Group's nominated Ant-Bribery Officer.

Any queries regarding the application of this Policy in any particular circumstance should be directed to the Company Secretary on + 61 749630400.

If you require further guidance as to this Policy, please contact the Company Secretary.

11. Review of Policy

The Board will review this policy:

- (a) as soon as practicable after a key change in the nature or scope of Metarock Group's activities or a change in legislation relating to bribery and corruption;
- (b) every two years; or
- (c) as necessary.

Approved and adopted by the Board of Metarock Group Limited on 20 March 2024.

Jon Romcke

Chairman

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